



Which literary devices are being used in the sentences below?

1

Outside her window, the city slept.

- A **personification** B **irony** C **alliteration**
D **onomatopoeia** E **simile**

2

That holiday costs an absolute fortune!

- A **onomatopoeia** B **metaphor** C **hyperbole**
D **personification** E **simile**

3

Flames engulfed the window like a raging monster.

- A **hyperbole** B **personification** C **foreshadowing**
D **onomatopoeia** E **simile**

4

He cracked his knuckles nervously.

- A **metaphor** B **personification** C **alliteration**
D **simile** E **onomatopoeia**

5

Soon the moon will loom over us.

- A **personification** B **assonance** C **alliteration**
D **imagery** E **simile**

6

His heart was a stone, unable to be moved.

- A **irony** B **simile** C **repetition**
D **hyperbole** E **metaphor**



7

That dog is pretty ugly!

- A **metaphor** B **simile** C **personification**
D **oxymoron** E **irony**

8

The great giant grabbed the villagers.

- A **personification** B **onomatopoeia** C **alliteration**
D **metaphor** E **simile**

9

My daughter is the apple of my eye!

- A **simile** B **personification** C **hyperbole**
D **idiom** E **assonance**

10

An angry rash appeared on her skin.

- A **personification** B **onomatopoeia** C **alliteration**
D **metaphor** E **simile**

Please mark the boxes with a thin, horizontal line like this:



1	A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/>	2	A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/>	3	A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/>	4	A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/>	5	A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/>
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1. **A) Personification**
The city is 'sleeping' which is applying a human characteristic to an inanimate object.
2. **C) Hyperbole**
Hyperbole uses exaggeration to make a point. The holiday would have been expensive but not a fortune.
3. **E) Simile**
A simile uses 'as' or 'like' to compare two things.
4. **E) Onomatopoeia**
The word 'cracked' imitates the sound it describes.
5. **B) Assonance**
'Soon', 'moon' and 'loom' all have the 'oo' sound. Assonance is the repetition of similar vowel sounds in a phrase.
6. **E) Metaphor**
The heart is described as being a stone. A metaphor describes something by saying it IS something else.
7. **D) Oxymoron**
An oxymoron places two opposite words together - in this case 'pretty' and 'ugly'.
8. **C) Alliteration**
Alliteration is a series of words that start with the same consonant sound - in this case - 'g'.
9. **D) Idiom**
An idiom is a well-known phrase that has a different meaning to its literal meaning.
10. **A) Personification**
The rash is described as 'angry' which is applying a human characteristic to an inanimate object.